

**EXPLANATION**

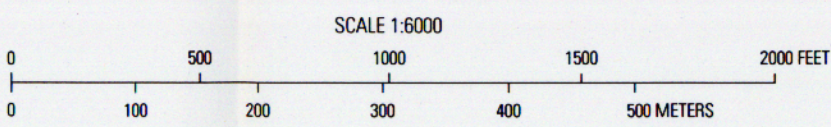
[For plates 4A-D. Modified from Spittler and Harp (1990). Symbols may be combined.  
Not all symbols used on all plates.]

- Fissure, fracture, or shear generated by the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake—Dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed; queried where uncertain. Arrow indicates direction of separation where present.
- Fracture generated by the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake along which there has been horizontal displacement—Half arrows indicate direction of relative horizontal movement.
- Scarp generated by the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake—Formed by relative vertical displacement along fissure. Dashed where approximately located; hachures on downthrown side.
- Compressional feature generated by the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake—Queried where uncertain.
- Small (<1 ha) landslide generated by the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake—Dashed where approximately located; queried where uncertain; open where only scarp was mapped. Half arrows indicate direction of downslope movement.
- Feature related to landslide processes
- Feature affected by regional structure
- Feature interpreted to be related to landslide processes and affected by regional structure
- Geologic notes locality—See Spittler and Harp (1990)
- Strike and dip of bedding
- Locality mentioned in text—May include shaded area

|   |   |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |

PLATE 4 INDEX

Planimetric base from Santa Cruz County



**LANDSLIDE FEATURES AND COSEISMIC FISSURES IN THE SUMMIT RIDGE AND SKYLAND RIDGE AREAS  
GENERATED BY THE 1989 LOMA PRIETA EARTHQUAKE**

INTERIOR—GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VA.—1997

Compiled by Thomas E. Spittler  
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Keefer, David K. ed., The Loma Prieta, California,  
earthquake of October 17, 1989—landslides: U.S.  
Geological Survey Professional Paper 1551-C.